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THE LAWMAKERS.

CONDENSED REPORT OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE LEGISLATURE.

MOST IMPORTANT BILLS INTRODUCED AND PASSED.

Many Bills and Resolutions Introduced—Few Important Measures Have Been Passed.

WEDNESDAY.

Senate—Some of the important measures introduced are as follows:

By Mr. James—To incorporate Greeneville Banking and Trust Co. Banking and Currency Committee.

By Mr. Arrington—In regard to sale of liquors near certain churches in Nash County. Propositions and Grievances Committee.

Mr. Speight—To provide a general stock law. Propositions and grievances Committee.

By Mr. Morton—To protect merchants and millers. Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. Foushee—To enlarge limits Durham county. Counties, Cities and Towns Committee.

By Mr. Foushee—To incorporate Marion and Northwestern Railroad Company. Committee on Railroads and Railroad Commission.]

By Mr. James—To appropriate funds to the Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind. Deaf and Dumb and Blind Committee.

By Mr. Long—To provide a State banking system. Banking and Currency Committee.

By Mr. Long—To regulate fees of notaries public, etc. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McIntosh—To prevent imposition and injustice to clients by attorneys. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Travis—In relation to certain school orders of Halifax county.

By Mr. Broughton—To improve and care for Capitol Park; also a resolution of request to the board of agriculture.

PASSED FINAL READING.

To authorize Brunswick county to levy a special tax.

To incorporate the town of Merry Oaks, Chatham county.

To authorize Wilson county to issue bonds to improve court house, etc.

To authorize Macon county to subscribe to stock of Blue Ridge and Macon county Railroad Company.

To incorporate town of Chockayotte.

To incorporate town of Polkton, Robeson county.

To incorporate town of Washington.

To appoint justices of the peace for the several townships of Caswell county.

To repeal chapter 94, acts 1899, and restore appointment of directors of Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum to the governor.

To protect birds in McDowell county.

To prevent felling of timber in streams of Watauga county.

To prevent public drunkenness in Yancey county. Provides a fine of not exceeding $20 or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days for persons caught drunk on public highways or at public gatherings of that county. Mr. Buchanan explained that it was intended to reach Tennesse drunkards who came across the line.

To amend chapter 109, acts of 1895, protecting birds in Montgomery county.

To prohibit hunting without consent of land owners in Montgomery county.

To protect deer in Montgomery county.

Authorizing payment of school claim of Mary E. Thornton of Sampson county.

PASSED SECOND READING.

To incorporate the South and Western Railroad Company.

To prevent the running at large of live stock in Robeson county.

House—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr. Watts of Iredell—An act supplementary to an act to establish a uniform system of school books in the State. [Mr. Watts' bill is to exempt certain graded schools in the State from the provisions of the Aycock text bill.]

By Mr. Craig of Buncombe—An act to validate registration of deeds and mortgages.

By Mr, Moore of Jackson—An act to apportion the several congressional districts.

By Mr. Carson of Alexander—An act to amend chapter 11, section 34, Public Laws of 1899, in relation to the sale of spirituous liquors.

The Aycock text book bill has passed both houses. It provides for uniformity of adoption of text books in the State by a commission headed by the Governor. Six amendments were offered to the bill but all were voted down.

The bill extending the time of registering land grants and to create certain defective registration. Passed second and third reading.

THURSDAY.

SENATE—A bill was introduced by Mr. Currie to prohibit the sale and manufacture of liquor in Sampson county. The bill was referred to Committee of Propositions and Grievances.

The following bills passed their third reading:

To prevent running at large of live stock in Robeson county.

To amend chapter 353, acts 1897, in reference to stock law.

To repeal section 2 of chapter 353, acts of 1897, in relation to stock law elections in North Carolina.

To protect telephone companies against malicious or wilful injury of wires, etc.

To make the Protestant Methodist Church a corporate sole.

Senator Scott offered a resolution to compel the Agricultural Department to make a report to the Legislature, as the other Institutions had done but the resolution was held over to see if they would make their report Friday.

House—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Lawrence of Hertford—An act to amend the debt law.

By Mr Mann of Hyde—An act to pay the claims of certain persons for services rendered the State in the shell fish industry.

By Mr Stewart of Harnett—An act to pay the claims of certain taxpayers.

By Mr Hood of Wayne—An act to amend section 1005 of the Code so as to permit tax collectors to carry concealed weapons.

By Mr Smith of Gates—An act to amend section 810 of the Code, as to void marriages. This bill passed its third reading in the House. If this bill passes it will repeal all of the existing divorce laws save those in the Code. This will leave only four grounds for divorce in this State.

FRIDAY.

SENATE—A petition was presented by Mr. Miller of Caldwell: From citizens of McDowell county asking for a change of the present election law.

The following new bills were introduced and passed their first reading:

By Mr. Gudger—In relation to J. W. Stamey and W. W. Stringfield, contestant and sitting Senator from 33d district. Referred to Privileges and Elections Committee.

[It was decided by the Committee on Privileges and Elections, just after the Senate adjourned, to award $100 each to Senator Stringfield and Mr. J. W. Stamey.]

By Mr. Vann—To regulate licensing of pharmacists.

BILLS PASSED FINAL READING.

The following bills passed final reading, unless otherwise stated below:

To establish graded schools in Henderson township, Vance county.

To establish graded schools at Selma.

Resolution of Mr Scott in regard to report of Agricultural Department. Held over at suggestion of author.

To better protect schools and religious gatherings from disturbance in Ashe county.

To provide for celebration of "North Carolina day" in the public schools.

To provide for payment of certain school claims in Transylvania county.

To prohibit fishing in Deep creek, Swain county.

To amend chapter 133 acts 1899, relative to shooting wild fowls in Dare county.

To establish a free ferry at Elizabethtown.

For the better protection of deer in Caswell county.

To regulate fees of notaries public, et al., in cases of protests, restoring old rate of 50 cents, expense of postage, etc.

To establish Epsome High School in Vance county.

To amend section 708 of Code, in relation to office of county treasurer. Bill gives county commissioners power to abolish or create the office. Amended, on motion of Mr. Morton, so as to except certain eastern counties. An amendment to insert "justices of peace" in lieu of "county commissioners" failed. The bill then passed and was sent to House for concurrance.

To apportion members of the House of Representatives. Amended by Senate committee so as to give Buncombe two instead of three representatives and Sampson two instead of one, as original bill had it. The only counties given three representatives under the amended bill are Wake and Mecklenburg. A discussion ensued and the bill was held over.

HOUSE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr. Stewart of Harnett—An act authorizing the commissioners of Harnett to issue bonds to build a bridge over the Cape Fear river and to levy a special tax.

By Mr. Thompson of Onslow—An act to amend sub-section 2, chapter 1285 of the Code relating to divorces, so as to secure equal purity between the races.

By Mr. Thompson of Onslow—An act to provide for text books for indigent children in public schools.

By. Mr. Watts—An act to apportion the several Congressional districts.

By Mr. Nicholson of Beaufort—An act to create the office of county treasurer in Beaufort county.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

An act validating certain acts of the county commissioners of Yancey county, with reference to the stock law.

To prevent live stock from running at large in the counties of Wilkes, Caldwell and Watauga.

The Willard bill which amends the Craig act so that insurance companies are relieved of its provisions passed all its readings in the House.

The "Jim Crow" act providing for both races on mixed trains carring freight and passengers, passed its third reading.

(Continued on Second Page.)

KIDNAPPERS DEMAND MORE MONEY.

Brotaer of Bass Frazer Receives Letter from Captors—They Avoid a Trap.

Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 7.—Hix Frazer, a brother of Bass Frazer, who is believed to have been kidnapped in Atlanta some time ago, it is understood, received another anonymous letter from the kidnappers, in which they asked for a much larger sum than they secured from him recently in Atlanta. The letter says that the $500 received from Mr. Frazer near Atlanta has been spent on Bass for medical attention, and that Bass is now seriously ill.

The letter requested Hix Frazer to bring $800 in a bag to the corner of Alabama and Decatur streets, one of the most densely populated portions of this city, and deposit it in a location named, and that Bass would be returned to him. The letter gave explicit instructions as to where, when, and how to deposit the sack. Frazer, it is learned, showed the letter to the police, and they told him, instead of putting the money in the sack to fill it with corn. This was done, and the police and detectives preceded Frazer to the scene. Officers waited several hours, but no one appeared to take possession of the sack. Young Frazer returned to Union Springs this morning.

Weed for Binding Twine.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—A special from Creston, Ia., says:

"State Senator Clark, of Page county, has made public a way to beat the twine combine. At the Farmers' Institute he displayed a piece of twine and a piece of rope, resembling a good quality of hemp. He explained they were made from velvet weed, or abutilon, which grows rank on almost every farm, and has been considered a useless weed. The discovery that the weed could be thus utilized was made by D. D. Weir, a farmer living near Clarinda. Mr. Weir discovered the strength of the fiber of the weed about two months ago. He picked up a few strands from the ground, after they had lain there rotting since last summer, and found them very strong. They were separated into threads as fine as the best of hemp. He endeavored to secure a patent, but found that a discovery of that nature could not be patented. A machine for making it could be patented, but the use of the weed for making twine and rope must be left free to everybody.

Valuable School Donation.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 7.—The trustees of the Hemenway estate, residing at Boston and Milltown, Mass., have donated for the exclusive use and benefit of the education of the white race the fine Tileston High School property here. The lot has a frontage of a whole square and a depth of 200 feet and is adorned with a handsome three-story brick building, erected by Mrs. Mary Hemenway, of Boston, thirty years ago at a cost of $25,000. Mrs. Hemenway gave $5,000 a year for many years for the maintenance of the school.

A Bride Only 12 Years Old.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 6.—The clerk of the Goochland County Court has granted a marriage license to a young man named Hodges, aged twenty-two years, and a Miss Clement, aged twelve years. Hodges made an effort yesterday in Goochland to get a minister to perform the ceremony, but was unsuccessful. He and his prospective bride drove to Maidens, where they took the Chesapeake and Ohio train for Richmond, and it is highly probable that they were married here or Washington. The girl's mother gave her consent.

An Early Spring Predicted.

Charlotte Observer.

"If you will notice the elm trees closely," said a farmer yesterday, "you will see that they are becoming fuzzy and that the buds are taking on a faint tinge of red. Out in the country the peach trees are swelling and give evidence of their intention to burst into bloom at least a month earlier than usual. Unless we have a very cold snap during the present month, a snap that will set things back three weeks at best, we are going to have one of the earliest spring seasons on record."

Rich Man Found Starving.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 9.—With abundance of money and everything necessary to make life happy George Lowry, a bachelor, of Roanoke, Va., was found alone and suffering for food and fire at his handsome home this morning. Lowry had not been seen for some time, and when an investigation was made it was found that he had been ill and without the necessities of life for five days.

A Price on Their Heads.

Cardiff, Feb. 7.—Owing to the fact that the outbreak of bubonic plague here has been traced to rats, the municipality has offered a reward of four pence for the carcass of each rat delivered to a designated official.

THERE ARE TWO.

One of the Most Monstrous and Outrageous Propositions.

Davie Record.

One of the most monstrous and outrageous propositions ever made in a North Carolina Legislature, was made a few days ago by one Francis D. Winston, of Bertie county; that nice, white supremacy organizer, who, a few years ago, wrote a letter to Geo. White, the negro solicitor, and informed him that he would regard it a peculiarly high and distinguished honor to ride the circuit with this negro solicitor.

This beautiful sweet-scented rose from Bertie actually introduced a bill in the Legislature authorizing the Governor to take money out of the State treasury and hire lawyers to defend election law violators. Take the money wrung from the poor tax-payers of the State, which should go to care for the poor, unfortunate lusane, the old decrepit ex-Confederate soldier, and to educate the poor boys who are threatened with disfranchisement; should they be unable to read and write after 1908, and give it to lawyers (and Democratic lawyers, of course,) to defend men who have been violating the law, the constitution and depriving thousands of her citizens of their rights. It is one of the most outrageous and indecent propositions ever submitted to a legislative body; and the sweet scented rose from Bertie evolved it in his fertile brain.

The State of North Carolina now employs twelve Superior Court solicitors and one attorney general to prosecute violators of the law; such as rogues, thieves, murderers, highwaymen and other criminals, but for it to employ lawyers to defend men who have violated its laws and outraged public decency in depriving her own citizens of their constitutional rights, is an insult to the good name and fame of Old North Carolina, and should make every respectable citizen hang his head for shame at the thought of the great wrong.

North Carolina can boast of her Moores, Badgers, Mangums, Hendersons, Moreheads and her Vance, but she has never produced but one Francis D. Winston, of Bertie. "Long live the King!"

Homicide in Davidson County.

The Salisbury Truth-Index says: "The way of the transgressor is hard." This is forcibly illustrated in the death of Chas. Bullaboy, who lived in Davidson county, near the Davidson and Rowan line. It appears that Bullaboy left his real wife and began to live with another woman devoid of any character. She has a mulatto son named Archur Basinger. The other day Bullaboy beat his wife unmercifully and Basinger took her part. Bullaboy had been threatening Basenger for a whole day, it seems, and pursued him with a knife until Arthur turned upon him and shot him in the head. He died instantly. The boy will plead self-defense and as we understand it the general opinion is that the killing was justifiable.

Only Democrats Need Apply.

Hickory Times-Mercury.

There is a petition being circulated in Forshth county to the effect that no magistrate shall be appointed in that county by the Legislature unless the "applicant" shall have been a Democrat and voted and worked for the party for five successive years prior to this year of grace, says the Union Republican. The strange thing to us is why they should need to circulate a petition to that effect.

$700,000 Fire in Havana.

Havana, Feb. 7.—A lumber yard, sawmill, and fourteen houses in the western part of Havana, near El Cerro, have been destroyed by fire, with a total loss of $700,000. The mill and yard, the property of Pedro Estanillo, show a loss of $300,000, against which there is insurance to the amount of $93,000. A number of persons were injured, most of them firemen.

China Grove Postoffice Robbed.

China Grove, Feb. 9.—The Holeson-Corrigher Company's safe at China Grove was blown open last night, and, and the postoffice was also robbed of six hundred dollars and all the stamps. No alarm was given until morning. There is no clew to the burglars.

His Just Reward.

From the Philadelphia Press.

"Never did have any luck," complained Si Engrone, "I'm always left out in the cold."

"Never mind," replied Job Scumfiter, "you won't be in the next world."

A Court House Burned.

Jeffersonville, Ga., Feb. 8.—Twiggs county court house was burned yesterday morning at 2 o'clock destroying all records. It was built in 1825. Several thousand dollars worth of Confederate pension checks were burned.

"Plague prevails in every part of India," says the Bombay correspondent of The London Daily Express, 'except the central provinces. In Bangal the weekly mortality is 2,500."

Wilhelmina, the beautiful young queen of Holland, was married last week to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

DISFRANCHISEMENT LAWS TO BE INVESTGATED B THE SENATE.

TO BE TESTED IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Favorable Report Ordered on Senator Chandler's Bill to Test Constitutionality of the Disfranchisement Laws of the Southern States.

Washinton, Feb. 11.—The Senate committee on Privileges and Elections has ordered a favorable report on Senator Chandler's bill to test the constitutionality of the laws of those Southern States which have disfranchised voters by intelligence and property qualifications.

The bill appropriates $25,000 with which the Department of Justice is authorized to bring such action before the United Supreme Court as is necessary to determine whether the laws of certain Southern States conflict with the Federal Constitution. The States of Louisiana, North Carolina, Mississippi and South Carolina are those against which action is contemplated.

WHOLE FAMILIES COMMIT SUICIDE.

Chinese Prefer Death to the Atrocities of the Allied Forces.

New York Dispatch.

Fresh from the turbulent scenes in China Mr. George Lynch, an English war correspondent, arrived here on his way to England.

He has had some remarkable experiences during the last three years, having gone through tha Cuban war, the war in South Africa and the disturbances in China. The horrors he witnessed in China surpass in tragic interest any that he had ever seen. Speaking of atrocities committed by the soldiers—from which the American, Japanese and English troops were excepted—Mr. Lynch said it was little wonder that the natives fled from the advance as from a terrible scourge.

"In many of the villages through which we passed," he said, "in many houses in Tung Chow, and in Pekin itself, when the thresholds were passed by the invading soldiers, bodies of the members of entire families were seen hanging from the rafters, or lying side by side sxffocated, as they preferred one or the other method of suicide to save themselves from their conquerors. Three days aftar Peitang was a house not 300 yards from the cathedral in which the entire family had apparently committed suicide. The soldiers who occuppied that quarter were too busy looting to attend to the burial of the bodies, which strewed the streets. Finally the fear of disease compelled them to make some effort for their own protection.

"It is luminously evident to my mind that for generations to come the progress of Christianity in China is absolutely killed. It will be generations before the recollection of this latest atrocity is erased from the memory of the Chinese people. Drastic measures have been adopted to put an end to looting by the soldiers, but these did not apparently apply to the missionaries. Having occupied the houses or palaces of Chinese gentlemen or noblemen, they sold the contents and then, when their stocks were running low, employed their converts to bring in fresh supplies from the neighborhood. Temples, as well as private houses, were despoiled for this purpose, and images of Buddha and his saints were to be found in rows like birds in a poultry show."

Successful Female Swindler.

Baltimore, Feb. 9.—Miss Frances Caspari, the principal in one of the public schools of Baltimore and a leading church worker, was convicted in the Crimnal Court for obtaining money under false pretences, and, pending an appeal, was released on $4,000 bail. This is a most remarkable case. She acknowledged having gotton over $80,000 from investors, the majority of whom are women, and include some of the best known business men in Baltimore. These say that she was so plausible and stood so high in the community that they asked no questions, but turned over the money without asking any questions. One woman gave her $10,000, and one $4,000, and still another $3,500. A large number invested from $100 to $1,000. The most remarkable feature of the whole business was that she gave only her personal receipt.

Caught in a British Trap.

Some of the Wall street financiers got caught in a British trap in such a complete way that every one of both sides of the ocean is laughing at them. When that last British loan was offered the smart American millionaires went after it and underbid the British investors. Now they find that they will have to pay a British income tax of 5 per cent on the interest of those British bonds and it makes them feel worse than if they had eaten a peck of sauerkraut. They are not bragging so much about how they beat the British in getting that loan as they were awhile ago.

The State Sunday School Convention will be held at High Point Feb. 20-22.

"HAS THE OLD SOLDIER PLAYED OUT."

His Vote Not Allowed to Count Against the Democratic Negro.

Hickory Times-Mercury.

"The Confederate soldier has played out" was the declaration of a Fusion pie eater in the days when the fusion weed grew high in its rankness. Upon the return of the Democracy to power that declaration was shown to be untrue. The Legislature of 1899 elected Mr. Miles O. Sherrill, a Catawba county veteran who left one leg on the battle field, State Librarian. On Tuesday night of this week he was re-elected by acclamation. That was fitting. There is no truer man or efficient officer in North Carolina.—News and Observer.

That is true about Mr. Sherrill. His county honored him for years and years with some office and sent him to the Senate once. When Cleveland was president, Mr. Sherrill got a revenue job under him. So far as we know, he made a good officer. He was no "pie eater," either; but if he had been a fusionist, the Observer would have called him one.

Now about the Confederate soldier, will say the "fusion pie eater" ought not to have said that. But how could he help it? The fusionists elected an old ex-confederate soldier as keeper of the capitol. During his term, he went down to his own county and as he went to his own church, he was rotten-egged, notwithstanding he had on a Confederate gray suit. This looked like "the Confederate soldier had played out" didn't it?

Then in the August election, in one of the eastern counties, an old ex-Confederate soldier who could not read, went up to vote a Fusion ticket ond it is said the Democratic judges would not tell him in what boxes to deposit his votes, so he put them all in the amendment box. About that time a negro went up to vote the Democratic ticket, and he was told in what boxes to place his vote. Mind you, the soldier had faced bullets in order to keep this negro from being free. That looks like the "Confederate soldier had played out" doesn't it?

We could give more incidents, but this will do.

HISTORY BURNED IN A COFFIN.

Georgia Confederate Veterans served as Pall Bearers.

Forsyth, Ga., Feb. 6.—A copy of the history of the United States issued by a Northern publisher was burned in a coffin in front of the leading hotel of Forsyth to-night. Addresses were made by three leadig citizens of the town, including two ex-judges. The coffin was borne to the funeral pyre by Confederate veterans.

The objection to the book lay in the fact that it included the words "rebels," "rebellion" and "insurgents." The speeches were not directed against the Northern people, but only against the historian.

A Wireless Telegraphy at Roanoke Island and Hatteras.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 7.—Professor Fessenden, the wireless telegraph expert, assisted by Profs. Thiessen and Hesse, has completed erecting their station on Roanake Island, N. C., and left for Hatteras, N. C., where they will erect a similar station. When the latter has been completed, Prof. Fessenden will demonstrate the method of his system of wireless telegrapy. Scientific men all over the country are anxious to learn the method of Prof. Fessenden's system and are taking much interest in his movements.

Steamboats on the Mississippi

John W. Bryant, of New Orleans, La., testified before the Industrial Commission recently upon the commerce of the Mississippi River. According to the Washington Post, he said the belief that the railroad practically has displaced the steamboat is incorrect. The annual reports of the United States supervising inspectors, the witness said, show more steam vessels on the Mississippi and its tributaries today than ever before. In his opinion the struggle of the steamboat is not so much against the railroad as against the impediments of navigation.

To Investigate Disfranchisement

Washington, Feb. 11.—The Senate Elections Committee has reported an amendment to the Sundry Civil Bill, appropriating $25,000 to enable the Attorney General to investigate alleged disfranchisement of voters in certain States.

Found Pearl in His Mouth.

Hopkinsville, Ky., February 12.—While eating an oyster stew, G. H. Champlin found in his mouth a pearl the size of a navy bean. An expert pronounced the gem worth $500. The oysters were purchased from a local dealer, who received them from New Orleans.

Troops May be Used to Stop Prize Fight.

Columbus, O., Feb. 7.—The state emergency board has authorized Governor Nash to spend 50,000 if necessary in calling out troops to stop the Cincinnati prize fight.

The Denver, Col., News has a special from Chihuahua, Mexico, which says that several hundred tons of dynamite stored in an underground chamber of the San Andres mine exploded. Eighty-seven men, women and children were killed and many others badly injured.

BRYAN ON SILVER REDEMPTION BILL.

Another Endless Chain—Gold Only Legal Tender Money—Financiers Given Absolute Control.

Washington, D. C., February 11—Chairman Southard, of the House Committee on Coinage, has received from W. J. Bryan the latter's view of the pending bills before the House, making the standard silver dollar redeemable in gold. Mr. Bryan says in part:

"The bill has a double purpose—to convert standard silver dollars into subsidiary coin, and to make silver dollars redeemable in gold on demand. There is no necessity for redemption. The legal-tender law will maintain the parity between gold coin and silver dollars so long as both can be used to an unlimited extent in the payment of public revenues and private debts.

"As soon as the silver dollar is made redeemable in gold, another endless chain will be created, and the arguments used against the greenbacks and Treasury notes will then be turned against silver.

"The measure gives to the financiers absolute control over the national debt.

"The conversion of standard silver dollars into subsidiary coin is equivalent to the retirement of silver as standard money, and is the last act in the programme instituted some twenty-seven years ago, and persistently pursued ever since. If this is completed, gold will be the only legal-tender money, and bank paper the only credit money.

"The proposed measure, by decreasing the money of ultimate redemption and increasing the volume of promises to pay money, still further enlarges the disproportion between money and its substitutes. This necessarily adds to the risk of the business-man, and lessens the security of the general public.

"If at any time foreign complications or panics compel a considerable exportation of gold, the disproportion between money and its substitutes will be still further increased, or an immense reduction will be necessary in the volume of business."

The Salary Business.

Hickory Times-Mercury.

Our Democratic friends when out are the poor man's friend, when in, the rich man's friend. In 1895, a Populist in the Legislature wanted to cut the clerk's pay to $4 a day. Frank Ray led the Democratic fight against it. He argued "why begin on the poor clerks who have to work so hard?" He, for the Democrats, said "begin on the Governor's salary and come all the way down, and we will vote for it."

In 1899 the Democrats had the Legislature. This same Frank Ray was a member of it. They cut the clerk's pay down. He voted for it. At least he did not fight it. They did not cut down all the salaries, but made offices to receive salaries.

In this Legislature, they have the Legislature and the State offices. Did they cut down all their salaries alike? No, but the first thing they did was to increase the Governor's salary.

The Fusionists did not increase anybody's salary. Take the case.

Steamboat on Haw River.

Graham Gleaner.

The owners of Virginia cotton mills have had a steamboat constructed which will ply on Haw river between Haw River and Swepsonville. The distance between the two points is six miles by the river. The steamer, we are informed, has a passenger apartment, and will tow the freight boat. This is a novel experiment for Alamance. For a number of years, and almost constantly for 15 or 20 years' the Swepsonville people have hauled their freight on the river in a flat boat propelled by man power.

Breeze Must Pay the Penalty.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 12.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has affirmed the judgment of the lower court in the case of William E. Breese, formerly of Charleston, S. C., who was convicted of embezzling the funds of the First National Bank of Asheville, N. C., and whose punishment was fixed at a term in the penitentiary. The decision directs that the case be remanded to the district court with instructions to pass sentence on the appellant, William E. Breese.

To Sell Her Flagship.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 7.—The State board of fisheries held another meeting at Murphy's Hotel today. The most important action taken was the decision not to ask the Legislature at the extra session to pass any general oyster legislation. The board decided to sell the steamer Chesapeake, the flagship of the oyster navy.

A bill has been introduced in the Connecticut House of Representatives to restore whipping for all offenses by boys under sixteen years, not exceeding twenty stripes, in lieu of imprisonment. In whipping boys under sixteen years of age either a birch rod, a leather strap or a whip may be used. For persons above sixteen years old a leather strap shall be used.

Some railroads advertise to carry passengers through without change but they make a fellow pay just the same.

Some mothers spare the rod and spoil a slipper.

CITY OFFICIALS HAULED UP.

The Mayor and Councilmen of Newport News, Va., Indicted for Corruption in Office.

Newport News, Va., Feb. 6.—The grand jury today indicted Allen Moss, mayor; J. K. Hughes and Mark McLaughlin, councilmen; Samuel R. Register, of Richmond, attorney for the Newport News Railway and Electric Company; Philip Malowe, agent for a paving concern, and B. F. Smith, a contractor, for bribery and corruption in connection with the awards of city contracts for street paving, bridge-building, and the construction of the city jail.

The searchlight turned on by the grand jury investigation has revealed wholesome dishonesty in the disbursements of the city's funds during the past two years.

Newport News, Feb. 7.—The grand jury brought in three more indictments this morning: Samuel Register of Richmond for giving a bribe of $500 to Counciliman McLaughlin on December 16, 1898, for his vote in the bridge contract; Samuel Register, for giving a similar bribe to Counciliman Hughes on the same date; B. F. Smith of Washington for offering a bribe of $300 to Mayor Moss on October 13, 1898, for influence in securing a jail contract.

An Easily Tried Headache Cure.

Philadelphia Record.

"This most excellent and never-failing cure for nervous headache," says the apostle of physical culture, "is the simple act of walking backward. Just try it some time if you have any doubt about it. I have yet to meet the person who didn't acknowledge its efficacy after a trial.

"Nobody has as yet discovered or formulated a reason why such a process should bring certain relief. Physicians say that it is probably because the reflex action of the body brings about a reflex action of the brain, and thus drives away the pain that, when produced by nervousness, is the result of too much going forward. As soon as you begin to walk backward, however, there comes a feeling of everything being reversed, and this is followed by relief. The relief is always certain and generally speedy. Ten minutes is the longest I have found necessary.

"An entry or a long room is a good place for such a promenade, but even better than this is a long porch, or a secluded walk in the open air. You should walk very slowly, letting the ball of your foot touch the floor first, and then the heel; just the way, in fact, that one should, in theory, walk forward, but which, in practice, is so rarely done."

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News.

When a girl builds an air castle she always leaves out the kitchen.

The greater the bore a man is, the smaller the hole he leaves behind him.

A woman is very apt to exaggerate—except when she refers to her own age.

The lower the gas is turned, the brighter it seems for a pair of fond lovers.

It takes a powerful magnifying glass to see the mantle of charity worn by some people.

A young man who proposed in vain to half a dozen girls says there isn't much difference in them—but there's a lot of indifference.

There are said to be 6,573 different kinds of fear; and when a man's wife informs him that she has a few words to say to him in private he experiences every one of them.

Why Millionaires Can't Stop Making Money.

A dozen of the wealthiest capitalists in the country—men who wield absolute control over immense business enterprises—will tell the readers of The Saturday Evening Post (February 16) why they remain in the race which they have already won.

Each of them writes frankly whether he makes money for its own sake, for the sheer joy of working, or to gain the power with which vast capital invests itself.

To Issue $15,000,000 Bonds.

New York, Feb. 8.—The Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad voted today for construction purposes to issue $15,000,000 4 percent gold convertible debentures.

Mr. George W. Anthony is preparing to establish a chair factory in Burlington, says the News. A company has also been organized to manufacture furniture in that town.

The increase of the assessed value of the great railway systems in this State under the agreement between them and the corporation commission is as follows: Atlantic Coast Line, $5,994,675; Southern, $7,293,046; Seaboard Air Line, $4,536,758; total $17,824,454.

During the year 1900 there were 191 deaths in Greensboro, of which 64 were white persons and 127 colored.

It is predicted that the Triumphal Bridge at the Pan-American Exposition will surpass in beauty the great Alexander Bridge at the Paris Exposition.

Women can't always find profitable employment, but C. H. Robinson & Co., Charlotte, N. C., can furnish it. 2t

THE CAUCASIAN

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THE COMMITTEE RECOMMEND IMPEACHMENT.

The House Judiciary Committee, by a vote of 23 to 10, recommend to the House, favorably, the resolution introduced by Mr. Craig, looking to the impeachment of Justices Furches and Douglass. This action is no surprise to this paper, for we have all along entertained the belief that the ballot stuffing element in the legislature, or rather those who profited by the anarchistic methods of the last campaign, would be disposed to institute impeachment proceedings. This action is also in harmony with the methods that have been practiced by the Simmons ballot-stuffing machine in the two last campaigns. Indeed, the official character of no man of opposite party is free from the assaults of this class of demagogues and politicians, in short they feed and thrive on such methods.

The deliberate purpose of beginning impeachment proceedings is to shake public confidence in the court, and destroy that high regard they have always entertained for our highest tribunal. Whether the House adopts the report recommended by the Judiciary Committee or not, is immaterial; for the recommendation contained therein *is* intended to damage and destory, not only the high judicial character and reputation of Justices Furches and Douglass, but also to undermine and besmirch their private character. There is no hint or suspicion of any corruption on the part of these distinguished gentlemen; on the contrary, even the most partisan Democratic papers are constrained to admit that their characters are of the highest.

The Statesville Mascot, regretting the action of this intensely partisan Judiciary Committee, says of Judge Furches: "No man who knows him ever doubted his honesty and integrity. He may have made a serious mistake and transcended his authority, but there is nothing to show that he did so intentionally and knowingly."

The Mascot is published at the home of Justice Furches, and that paper has had every opportunity of knowing not only his official life, but his private career, and it testifies to his honesty.

The High Point Enterprise, a paper published in Guilford county, of which Justice Douglass is a native, says that "he has always borne a spotless reputation." This same paper in speaking of Judge Furches says that he likewise "has equally as good a reputation in the State. Commenting further, the Enterprise says: "An accusation sometimes does as much harm to a man's reputation as a conviction, and these men will probably suffer in reputation, no matter what turn the affair may take."

In this light this matter will be regarded by conservative, fair-minded and justice-loving citizens of the State, even though the House should deliberately refuse to recommend impeachment to the Senate. The matter has gone so far now, that even though they should retrace their steps, they have succeeded, to some extent, in undermining and destroying that public confidence in the highest court, which is so essential, but the anarchical element now in control of the State would hesitate to do nothing to intrench themselves in power.

Indeed, this brazen and sameless attempt to destroy the high official character of these judges is no surprise when we take into consideration the violent and lawless character of the campaigns that were carried on by the redshirt Democracy.

In their hypocritical attempt at impeachment on the ground, as they allege, that these judges violated the Constitution of the State or transcended their jurisdiction in the White case, and in view of the fact that many of these same men, who are now so active and aggressive in pushing impeachment proceedings, either violated, endorsed, or acquiesced in the violation of the Constitution of North Carolina and the United States in the August election, reminds us of Satan rebuking Sin. In all the years past when the Democratic party had control of the State it frequently happened that they had men on the bench who were GUILTY of INTEMPERANCE, and yet no attempt was made by the Democratic LEGISLATURES' to IMPEACH THEIR JUDGES.

Populist papers in some instances having knowledge that some of the judges were guilty of intemperance, while actually engaged in the discharge of their duties, never called public attention to this fact, much less to demand their impeachment at the hands of the Legislature. While this was good ground for urging action by the Legislature, yet these papers, having high regard for our Courts, did not seek to undermine or destroy public confidence in them. It is generally admitted, even by the most rabid partisan Democratic papers that Justice Furches and Douglass are men of high character and legal ability. No doubt in issuing the mandamus to compel the State Treasurer to pay White's salary as Shell Fish Commissioner, they were actuated by the best of motives. No doubt they thought that they were acting within Constitutional bounds, and it does not LIE IN THE MOUTHS of the BALLOT STUFFING machine who TRAMPLED on the Constitution last summer to charge anybody with violating the Constitution. The Simmons Machine, no doubt, has ordered impeachment of these judges in order to FURTHER their POLITICAL ENDS, but fairminded and conservative North Carolinians will see to it that full and exact justice is done in the matter when it is tested at the bar of public opinion. Let the impeachment proceedings be instituted; let them continue their highhanded and outrageous conduct if they dare:

"Lay on Macduff, and damn be he who first cries hold, enough!"

DISFRANCHISED FOR FAILURE TO PAY POLL-TAX.

New Orleans, Feb. 8.—The Mississippi politicians are much disturbed over the great shrinkage in the vote of Mississippi this year. The constitution of that State requires the payment of poll taxes two years in advance of an election in order to qualify an elector to vote. The time for the payment of these poll taxes expired a few days ago and the returns from the several counties show that a large majority of white voters have disfranchised themselves by failure to pay this tax and will not be allowed to participate in the Congressional or other elections of 1902

In spite of the efforts of the politicians and the newspapers, the number of voters who have disqualified themselves is far greater than ever before. In Yazoo county, for instance, with 43 948 population and never over 8,000 registered, more than seven-eights of the voters failed to pay their poll taxes and cannot vote before 1903. The number of votes in that county has been reduced to 920, and the vote is likely to be reduced to 600 in 1902. At this rate, Mississippi's vote in the election that year will fall below 30,000 and may fall below 24,000. The neglect of the whites to fit themselves for the suffrage has caused a feeling of great disgust.

The same situation that prevails now in Mississippi, as a result of the imposition of the poll-tax, as a prerequisite to voting, will give trouble to thousands of honest white men when the amendment goes into effect in 1902.

The failure to pay poll-tax will certainly result in the disfranchisement of thousands of white men in North Carolina; as that feature has prevented thousands of white men from voting in Louisiana and Mississippi it will likewise have precisely the same effect in this State.

The demagogues who pledged that no white man would be disfranchised will not come forward and pay the poll-tax of those voters in order that they may be able to exercise their highest privilege.

These political fakirs and strikers will have important business elsewhere then.

They will probably deny that they ever pledged that no white man would lose his right to vote.

It is indeed an awful and dangerous situation when a voting population of 8,000 is reduced to 920 on account of failure to pay the poll tax

When one-eighth of the voters control the political affairs of a county, is that a "Republican form of government," such as is guaranteed by the Federal Constitution?

Is not such a narrow restriction of the suffrage dangerous?

Are we not sowing the seeds of our own destruction when we so limit the suffrage that a very small minority controls a county or State?

What has happened in restricting the suffrage in Louisiana and Mississippi, is certain to happen in North Carolina.

In a few years we will have this State governed by a small oligarchy The poll-tax provision was placed in the amendment for that purpose. The Simmons Machine knew what they were doing.

The "State Manure Pile," otherwise known as the Agricultural Department, needs a little airing, it seems. The expenses of the Department have reached about sixty thousand dollars, and no itemized statement has been rendered. Scott, of Alamance county, has introduced a bill calling for the submission of a report of the expenditures, etc. We earnestly, but respectfully call the attention of the News and Observer to this matter, lest its "manure pile" should get in "bad order." A Spring cleansing may be necessary.

Petitions signed by thousands of citizens have been sent to the legislature praying for the enactment of a fair election law. Gov. Aycock strongly advocated such a law in his inaugural message, but thus far the machine has taken no action. The present law, by which thousands of white men's votes were stolen, is a disgrace to modern civilization.

As THE CAUCASIAN predicted the number of Superior Court Judges will be increased to sixteen. This will impose an additional burden on the people, but the machine wants more offices for the "faithful" and the "dear deluded" people must "pay the freight" What a howl would be raised if the Fusionists were in power now and undertook to increase offices! Consistency and political honesty are such rare jewels that the machine does not possess them.

The machine may learn that their method of packing the Supreme Court is not so smooth and easy after all.

THE OBSERVER'S ESTIMATE OF FRANCIS D. WINSTON.

Replying to the attacks made upon it by Francis D. Winston and other Democrats in the Legislature, the Charlotte Observer, in its issue of February 11th, says editorially:

It was Mr. Winston, of Bertie, the reader will recall, who first arose to this question of personal privilege. Mr. Winston now calls himself a Democrat and was elected to this Legislature as such. Yet it was not so many years ago that he was in the bosom of the Republican party. During that time he was a candidate for judge and wrote a letter to George H. White, the negro solicitor of that district, now a member of Congress, telling him of the pleasure it would give him to ride the circuit with him. It was said about him, too, that on a certain occasion he was seen arm in arm with two negroes on the streets of Tarboro, and if he denies this we will produce a witness whom he cannot impeach. This is one of the gentlemen who arraigns The Observer at the bar of public opinion for an expression neither personal nor insulting.

Another is Mr. Watts, of Iredell. This gentleman has been barking at The Observer for years through a country paper which he is supposed to edit, and has failed to get a kick. From his present high perch he barks again; and in this paragraph he gets the kick for which he has so long begged.

Mr. Morgan, of the county of Johnston, also arose to a question of personal privilege, saying that The Observer is not a friend of Bryan Democracy and that he desired the House to avail itself of the opportunity to say what it thought of the paper and its editor. We never heard of Mr. Morgan before and never expect to hear of him after this Legislature adjourns. What he says is of less consequence, if possible, than the chatter of Winston and Watts.

We understand, of course, and the public understands, the purpose of this little clamor. It is meant to discredit the Observer. We want to say to these cattle that it is beyond their power to either injure or annoy this paper. Its enemies have done their little best in this direction, throughout the year, and especially within the past year, with the result that it has more business than it ever had before and is stronger in every way. Charlotte is behind it, the solid people of North Carolina are behind it, and as for the scurvy politicians, it snaps its fingers in their faces and defies them.

This editorial would, however, be incomplete if it were not accompanied by the letter of Mr. Winston, of Bertie, to the negro solicitor, White, referred to above, and it could have no better ending than it has in the introduction here of a copy of the letter in question:

Windsor, N. C., June, 1890.
Hon. Geo. H. White, Rocky Mount, N. C.

My Dear Sir: I regret that I cannot attend the judicial convention on account of pressing engagements. Please put in a word to secure my nomination for judge. While there is not much hope for an election, still the remote possibility of riding the district with you is a great pleasure.

Wishing you success,
I am, yours very truly,
(Signed) FRANCIS D. WINSTON.

The Raleigh Post and News and Observer could serve the cause of the people much better if they continue to follow the Caucasian's lead on public questions. The Post urges the House to go slow in the impeachment matter, and the News and Observer is displeased with compromise of the railroad tax. Both of these journals could render the public good service if they continue to follow in our foot-steps.

It may not be any of our business, but as the editor of the News and Observer seems to be fond of telling how much others are receiving from the present National Administration, as a matter of news, why not tell the public how much he and his have received from the present and former Republican administrations.

The Legislature has given us more Judges and Solicitors, but it is a gift we have to pay dear for.

Morton from New Hanover county, said in the Senate Saturday that he hated a Populist. So did Pharo hate the Hebrew children, but Pharoe's army got drowned.

Tuesday's News and Observer says:

"It is "manifestly improper" for the press "to discuss now or during the further pendency of the case before the high court of impeachment the question at issue"—impeachment."

The News and Observer is in favor of waiting until the Judges are impeached and then make your kick. It is "manifestly improper," says the Observer, for the press to discuss the proceedings of the Legislature in regard to the impeachment; then what should be said of the solons who say that the Chief Justice and Associate Judge of the highest court in North Carolina are guilty of 'HIGH CRIMES AND MISDEMEANORS" because they did their duty, or, at least, what they thought to be their duty.

Mr Pearce, of Craven, is home on a leave ofabsence. The little boys have doubtless put up their fishing hooks and bait.

THE LAW MAKERS.

(Continued from First Page.)

SATURDAY.

SENATE—The following new bills were introduced and passed first readings:

By Mr. Ward—To permit graduates holding diplomas to teach from State Normal Schools to teach in public free schools for two years without examination by county boards of education.

By Mr. Foushee—To amend the road law of Durham county. Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. Gudger—To prohibit the manufacture or sale of liquor in Madison county. Propositions and Grievances Committee.

By Mr. Broughton—To incorporate the North Carolina Trust Company, with headquarters in Raleigh. Corporations Committee.

The calendar was then taken up and the following bills passed third reading.

To establish graded schools in Henderson township, Vance county.

To establish graded schools at Selma, Johnston county as amended by committee.

To prevent hunting on lands of another without owner's consent in Wilkes, Cabarrus, Pender and Polk counties.

To amend chapter 26, Acts 1887, in regard to drainage of lowlands.

To amend chapter 58, Acts 1899, in relation to the investigation of incendiary fires.

HOUSE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr. Hood of Wayne—An act to amend chapter 85, Laws of 1893, dividing murder in two degrees.

By Mr. Oliver of Robeson—A resolution to pay the expenses or the committee that visited the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind at Morganton.

The bill which required the prison authorities to place every discharged convict on the train with a ticket to his home, was defeated.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

The following bills passed their third readings:

Validating certain stock law elections in Swain county and to levy a tax to build fences around the same.

Authorizing the commissioners of Anson to levy a special tax.

Authorizing the commissioners of Beaufort to levy a special tax.

Authorizing the commissioners of Madison county to use certain funds.

Authorizing the commissioners of Halifax to pay the indebtedness of the county.

Authorizing the commissioners of Beaufort to levy a special tax for purchase of cemeteries.

Resolution paying the expenses of the committee that visited the D. and D. Institution at Morganton. The expense of the committee was $14 for each member.

A bill abolishing the Eastern and Western Criminal Courts and creating sixteen judicial, was introduced in the House and passed its third reading.

MONDAY.

SENATE—Very little business was done in the Senate. Only about a dozen bills were passed and only five new bills were introduced.

The following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Smith—To amend section 914 of the Code, relating to extra terms of courts.

By Mr. Brown—To prohibit the sale of cigarettes, cigarette paper, etc., to minors in North Carolina.

By Mr. Webb—To amend chapter 375, Acts 1893.

PASSED THIRD READING.

Authorizing Wilson county authorities to levy a special tax.

To refund taxes to certain citizens of Chatham county.

To amend section 1858 of the Code, so as to provide a remedy for property-owners damaged by the development of water-powers, etc., as well as through the building of milldams.

To amend section 6, chapter 17, Acts 1899, relating to days of attendance at the office of clerks of Superior Courts, adding Pamlico county.

To amend section 9, chapter 14, Acts 1899, relating to wrecks and wrecking.

To abolish office of standard-keeper of Cumberland county.

To change boundary lines separating townships Nos. 3 and 9 in Craven county.

To amend chapter 1, Acts 1899, so as to confer same police powers (in gounds of institutions) on superintendent of deaf and dumb and blind asylums as superintendents of hospitals for insane have, etc,

Providing for payment of expenses of Senate and House committeemen who officially visit asylums at Morganton.

The Simms divorce bill was before the committee in the evening and they attached on two amendments. These amendments provide two additional grounds for divorce, viz., in case of rape by husband, or abandonment for three years. Both amendments were adopted by the committee.

HOUSE—New bills were introduced as follows:

By Mr. Mauney of Graham—An act to grant license to certain physicians who held diplomas prior to 1890.

By Mr. Mauney of Graham—An act to prevent the cutting of cherry trees while leaves are on the trees.

By Mr. Smith of Gates—An act to carry out the constitutional requirement in regard to public schools.

Following is Mr. Smith's bill which provides for four months school:

Sec. 1. That there shall be and there be hereby appropriated annually out of all funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount which, together with the school funds apportioned by the several counties, shall be sufficient to maintain and operate every public school of the State for at least four months in every year.

Sec. 2. That annually hereafter as soon as the school fund of any county shall have been apportioned the county superintendent of public instruction shall as soon thereafter as practicable, report to the State Superintendent designating by township, race and number every school which is to receive under such apportionment an amount, less than ninety dollars; and such report shall also state the specified amount apportioned to each school thus designated.

Sec. 3. That within ten days thereafter the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall draw upon the State Treasurer in favor of the treasurer of the county school fund an amount sufficient to cover in the aggregate the differences between all such apportionments and the said sum of ninety dollars: and the State Superintendent shall, in his annual report, designate by county, township, rate and number, every school thus benefitted by the provisions of this act, and the specific amount thus appropriated to each.

Sec. 4. That there shall not be appropriated out of the State treasury any funds for common schools other than what may be required for the purposes of this act.

Sec. 5. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

By Mr. Owen of Tyrrell—An act authorizing the commissioners of Tyrrell county to levy a special tax.

By Mr. Blythe of Henderson—An act for the protection of fish in Henderson county.

By Mr. Baldwin—An act to change the boundary line between Yadkin and Forsyth counties (by request).

By Mr. Bennett of Swain—An act for the relief of B. B. Vandegrift.

By Mr. Bennett—An act to incorporate the churches and school houses in Swain county.

The following petitions were presented:

By Mr. Martin from citizens of Reddie's River township, Wilkes county, asking for a fair election law.

By Mr. Morgan, from citizens of Johnston county, asking for a dispensary.

PASSED THIRD READING.

The following bills passed their third reading in the House and were sent to the Senate for ratification:

Validating and conforming certain probates and articles of agreement.

Amending section 3410 of the Code relating to sluice-ways of Tar river.

An act repealing chapter 412 of the laws of 1895. This bill relates to gates in Harnett county.

Re-enacting a former statute relating to public roads in Wilkes county.

Incorporating the Duplin and Onslow Railway Company.

Repealing chapter 54, laws of 1891, relating to the clerk of the court of Pamlico county.

Protecting the owners of timber in Wilkes county.

For the benefit of the clerk of the court of Scotland county.

For the relief of the clerk of the superior court of Ashe county.

An act to prevent locust pin operators from obstructing the streams of Mitchell county.

Empowering the commissioners of Lincoln and Mecklenburg to levy a special tax for the construction a bridge over the Catawba river.

Re-establishing the office of treasurer in Surry county.

Authorizing the commissioners of Johnston county to work convicts of the public roads.

An act for the protection of domestic animals in Yancey county.

To provide for auditing and recording official returns of commissioners to sell real estate.

An act regulating hunting and for the protection of game.

Amending section 914, of the Code, relating to extra terms of the Superior Courts. This bill provides that judges shall not receive any extra compensation for holding special terms of courts.

The county or counties in which special terms of court are held must pay the judges railroad fare, hack fare, hotel bill, etc.]

The bill appropriating $300 for the erection of a monument to the memory of Junaluska, the Cherokee Chief, passed its second reading and was again referred to the committee. [It is said that in the War of 1812 he swam a river and saved Gen. Jackson's Army.]

(Continued on Third Page.)

A FAMOUS MUSICIAN

Cured of Catarrh and La Grippe by Peruna.

HENRY DISTIN, OF PHILADELPHIA.

Henry Distin, the inventor and maker of all the band instruments for the Henry Distin Manufacturing Co., at Williamsport, Pa., is probably the most active old man in Philadelphia today. He and his wife recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, at their home, on South Ninth street. Mr. Distin comes from one of the most famous musical families of the old world, his father and grandfather before him, as well as himself, having played at most all the royal courts of England and the continent.

1441 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., May 6, 1899.

Dr. S. B. Hartman:

Dear Sir—I write to inform you that I had a bad attack of la grippe last December which lasted more than three months, and which left me with catarrh, and several of my friends advised me to try your wonderful medicine, Peruna. I began with a bottle the first week in March and it certainly did me a great deal of good. I was so well satisfied that I purchased another bottle and followed your directions, which you furnish with every bottle, and I am glad to say that it has cured me. I shall certainly recommend the Peruna to all my friends, Yours, very truly,

Henry Distin.

As soon as any one is attacked with la grippe Peruna should be taken every two hours during the day—adults a tablespoonful, children a teaspoonful. But it is the after-effects of la grippe which are generally the most serious unless Peruna is taken. In all cases where Peruna is taken as above during the acute stage the recovery is prompt and complete; but where the ordinary treatment is followed the patient will complain for weeks and months of weakness, slight headache, want of appetite and many other symptoms of low vitality. Such people should begin at once the use of Peruna—a tablespoonful before each meal, gradually increasing the dose to two tablespoonfuls.

Mrs. Theophile Schmitt, wife of the Ex-Secretary of the German consulate writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman in regard to Peruna:

3417 WABASH, AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.,
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"I suffered this winter with a severe attack of la grippe, and having repeatedly heard of the value of Peruna in such cases, I thought I would try it. I used it faithfully, and began to feel a change for the better the second day, and in the course of a week I was very much improved.

Mrs. Schmitt.

After using three bottles I not only found the la grippe had disappeared, but my general health was much better. I am satisfied that Peruna is a wonderful family remedy, and gladly endorse it." Yours, Mrs. Theophile Schmitt.

La grippe is epidemic catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Send for a free copy of "Winter Catarrh." This book contains a lecture by Dr. Hartman on la grippe, which has attracted wide attention. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

What "Squib" Thinks of Things in General.

If only one lawyer could be compelled to live in the country among the people one whole year—oh—what a difference in the morning.

The late amendment will surely accomplish its purpose—i. e. industrial debasement.

The laborer is being forced to become a physical machine.

The conscience of the Governor of any State—not law—should impel him to feel that "no filching lightning nor filthy lore shall his souls repose explore."

Something impels men to always seek betterments, and they usually get it one way or another.

This legislature is running itself on the idea—"no fool no fun, the biggest fool is not yet begun."

The prospective home of ballot box thieves is the penitentiary, but their instigators appear to hope for heaven.

Lyman Abbott says good government comes first, self-government next. It seems we are about to get the last first.

There seems to be a Bull in this legislature with no busy attachment—nor any ballast.

It is going to pan out the costliest set of "solons" that ever reached Raleigh.

Mr. Pearce and the Fish Story.

Mr. Pearce, of Craven county, introduced a bill in the House some days ago "to prevent all persons" from fishing on a certain bridge in his county. He said that he was crossing said bridge one day and a little boy who was sitting on end of one of the planks jerked a fish out and just did miss his face. Mr. Pearce is down home now, but we hope he will have no occasion to cross this bridge until his law goes into effect.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular size 50c and $1 Trial bottles free at all druggists Every bottle guaranteed.

WARNING TO NEGROES.

Mob's Victim Denies His Guilt and Begs for His Life.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 11.—At Paris, the county seat of aristocratic Bourbon county, last night a negro, George Carter, was taken from the county jail and hanged to an arm of an electric light pole in the main thoroughfare of the town and directly in front of the court house. When the citizens awoke this morning the stiffened form of the negro was dangling in the air with a white coating of snow covering it. The mob was formed at midnight in the outskirts of the town and comprised not more than fifty persons, all of whom were white men. The name of the leader cannot be learned. They went to the jail, awakened the jailer and demanded the keys which were at first refused, but finally were taken from his pockets and the doors thrown open.

The mob was orderly and there was no shooting. Carter was dragged from his cell, clad only in his under-garments and carried to the selected spot, a hemp rope was tied about his neck and the other end thrown over the arch supporting the street lights Anxious hands seized the rope and drew the negro into the air, some ten feet from the ground, where he was strangled to death. A large card was attached to his back reading:

"Warning to all negroes not to insult or assault white women."

Carter denied his guilt and died begging for his life. The mob would show him no quarter, only giving him a chance to say his prayers.

This morning Sheriff Jones cut down the body and the coroner held an inquest. The jury found that the deceased came to his death by unknown hands.

A grand jury will be impannelled to investigate the lynching.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co, doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

John Lakey Shot by James Hammond at a Distillery.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Feb. 9.—Mr. John Lakey, aged forty years, was shot and killed at a distillery in Yadkin county yesterday by James Hammond, a young man, who made his escape. Three balls took effect in Lakey, one in the abdomen and two in the back.

Littleton Female College continues to receive more applications for teachers from among its former pupils and graduates than it can accept At this time every former pupil of the institution, so far as can be ascertained, who desires to teach is at work

A teacher is desired immediately for a good country school. Any young lady wishing this place may write at once to Rev. J. M. Rhodes, Littleton, N. C.

STRICTURE

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.

When neglected, almost invariably results in a score of serious complications, frequently causing uremic poisoning resulting in death. Stricture, even when slight, weakens the whole urinary and genital organism and the whole nervous system. The ordinary methods resorted to for a cure are not only excruciatingly painful, but frequently cause disorders as serious as the stricture itself.

Dr. Hathaway years ago discarded these old-time barbarous methods and perfected a system by which he removes the stricture, reducing the thickened walls of the passage to a normal condition. There is no operation. The treatment is applied by the patient himself. It is painless and takes no time from business. The cure effected is permanent and all complications of the diseased conditions are removed. This method of treatment and cure of Stricture is exclusively used by Dr. Hathaway.

Dr. Hathaway, by a similar method, cures Varicocele without operation. All Sexual, Urinary, Nervous, Blood and other diseases of a chronic nature are treated by him by his exclusive system, which for 20 years has proved invariable in its results.

Write to him or call at his office for a free copy of his new 64 page book and self-examination symptom blanks, and for free consultation and advice.

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CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C., February 14, 1901.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Trustees for the State University were appointed Tuesday to fill va cancies on the board.

Twenty-one bales of cotton were sold here Tuesday at prices ranging from 9¼ to 9½ cents.

Gov. Aycock Tuesday ordered that no money be paid Mr. White, Shell Fish Commissioner, unless approved by the Legislature.

Mr. J. T. Mallory, one of Durham's oldest citizens, died Tuesday morning. He was President of the Durham Cheroot Company.

The Charlotte Carpet Manufacturing Company was chartered Tuesday. The headquarters of the company are at Charlotte. The capital stock is $50 000 which may be increased to $100,000.

The members of the Legislature from the ninth judicial district are anxious to have Mr. Marshall Mott, Solicitor of that district, impeached. Possibly they will think of some one else by next week. If they do we will let you know.

SMALL POX AT BAPTIST UNIVERSITY.

The School Has Been Quarantined and All the Students Have Been Vaccinated

The doctors say there is a well defined case of small pox at the Baptist Female University in this city.

The patient is Miss Meda Highsmith, daughter of Mr. George Highsmith, of Maitland, Sampson county. She became ill last Friday, but it was not until Tuesday that the doctors were sure of the disease.

The part of the building occupied by Miss Highsmith has been isolated, the building has been quarantined and the students have been vaccinated and the doctors say there is no danger of the disease spreading. It is thought that a negro chamber-maid carried the disease in the school, as it has been discovered since that she and her family have the smallpox.

MONEY SAVED BY THE CAT.

An Attempt to Rob Postoffice at Emma—All the Robbers Arrested.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 9.—Two robbers, Dudley Johnson (white) and Ben Foster (negro) were seriously, if not fatally, wounded last night at Emma postoffice, near Asheville. They entered the store on the pretext of buying goods and held up the clerk, Samuel Alexander, a young man. They made him get his pistol for them, and when he refused to open the safe put a knife to his throat. He then opened the safe and Johnson began ransacking the interior, laying Alexander's pistol on the safe, while Foster kept Alexander covered. A cat made a noise in the rear of the store and Foster turned around. Alexander grabbed his pistol and shot Foster below the heart. Alexander snapped the pistol at Johnson. Johnson and Foster both shot at Alexander, and one bullet went through his leg. Several shots followed and the robbers were both rendered helpless. Alexander pulled them out doors and shut the door. He then gave the Odd Fellows' distress signal, and the owner of the store, who had failed to hear the shots, came to his assistance.

Rush Cates (white) and Harry Mills (negro) were confederates outside and they carried the robbers to Asheville. Police Captain Jordan arrested the four at 3 o'clock this morning. Foster made a dying declaration. He said that Johnson is an expert safe cracker, wanted in Florida or Georgia for murder. Mills is the fellow who has held up several persons here. Alexander is doing well.

A FATAL SHOOTING AT FOREST CITY.

Nelson Hamrick Killed and His Brother Fatally Shot by Dock Baily—Killing in Self-Defence.

Rutherfordton, Feb. 9.—Nelson Hamrick, son of Chief of Police Hamrick, killed, and Ezell Hamrick, fatally shot, is the result of a tragedy which occurred in Dock Bailey's barber shop at Forest City at noon to-day. The Hamrick boys went into a shop, drinking, while Bailey was shaving a gentleman, and began throwing cups and water about until Bailey ordered them to leave. They did so, but returned in a few minutes, with huge sticks of wood and made an effort to kill Bailey. They seized him, threw him to the floor and were choking him to death, when he drew his pistol and fired. Nelson was shot in the stomach and died in a few minutes. Bailey was arraigned before a magistrate and testimoney showing he was justifiable, he was released under a $500 bond. All the parties are white. Public sentiment is against the victims. Bailey is a law-abiding man. It is said the dead man was under bond for aiding in the lynching of the negro Avery Mills, last August, and would have been tried at the next term of Rutherford court, for murder.

Caught by Bloodhounds.

Shelby, N. C., Feb. 9.—Some one entered Dillinger's store at Cherryville last night and stole quite an amount of goods. Chief of Police Jones, of Shelby, with his bloodhounds caught Tom Brown, colored, after an exciting trial today, and has lodged him in jail here charged with the crime. Brown is an ex-convict from this county.

Babies 14 and 15 Break the Spell.

William A Nixon, of Burlington, N. J., no longer believes in the fatal properties supposed to surround the number 13. For some time past William has boasted of being the proud father of 13 children, but Mrs. Nixon, tiring of hearing it, presented him with two more, a boy and a girl. Both babies will live, the mother is doing splendidly and the father is trying to recover from the shock.

THE LAW MAKERS.

(Continued from Second Page.)

TUESDAY.

Senate—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr. Miller of Pamlico: S B 658—To establish stock law in portions of Pamlico county.

By Mr. Vann: S B 652—To prevent hunting without consent of owner in Pasquotank county.

By Mr. Arrington: S B 659—To pay expenses of joint legislative committee visiting State Hospital for Insane at Morganton.

BILLS PASSED.

To secure better passage of fish in North East and Cape Fear rivers.

To establish graded schools and electric lights at Rockingham.

To create a new township in Haywood county, to be known as Cecil.

For the protection of farmers and merchants. (Unfavorable report. Tabled.)

Senator Webb called up his resolution pending for the payment of $250 to J. N. Holding, of Raleigh, for services as counsel in the public printing contest case of 1899. Passed.

Senator Morrison introduced and secured the passage of a bill for another committee clerk.

S B 593—To regulate the licensing of pharmacists.

S B 659—To pay expenses of the legislative committee visiting the State Hospital for the insane at Morganton.

S B 611, H B 805—To amend the Craig law and provide for revocation of licenses of insurance companies that seek to transfer cases from State to United States courts.

Senate resolution, in behalf of J. W Stamey and W. W. Stringfield, paying them $100 each in the contested election case, passed third reading.

House—The following bills were introduced:

H B 1106—By Mr. Collins, of Haywood—An act to incourage the building of Pulp Paper Mills and industries in the counties of Haywood, Jackson and Swain.

H B 1077—By Mr. Graham—An act to prevent the felling of timber in Tar river, Greenville county.

H B 1080—By Mr. Owen, of Sampson—An act to regulate inheritance.

The bill introduced by McLean of Scotland providing for the establishment of one or more fertilizer factories to operate by state prison convicts was killed in the House.

The following bills passed their third reading:

Authorizing the commissioners of Harnett to issue bonds for the erection of a bridge.

Authorizing the commissioners of Johnston county to work convicts on the public roads.

Prohibiting the hunting on the lands of another in Mitchell county without the written consent of the owner.

Establishing a supplemental school district in White House township, Robeson county.

For working the convicts on the public road in Graham and Clay counties.

His Law Upset, Only His Bad Politics Left.

Morganton Herald.

That brilliant sophomore, Mr. Locke Craig, is after the scalps of Justices Douglas and Furches. We suppose in common with many others, he doesn't like those gentlemen and their opinions and thinks they ought to be deprived of their offices and turned out to grass. The chances of getting a Democratic court for use in the case of an injunction growing out of the election of 1902, would be sufficient argument to justify Mr. Craig, in the opinion of rabid partisans; but cool men want better reasons given for so grave a proceeding and we have no fear that anything will come of the matter. Mr. S. J. Ervin, of our town, has an article in Monday's Charlotte Observer which completely upsets Mr. Craig's law and leaves him only his bad politics.

Then Came the Looters.

Kansas City Journal.

The Anthony Republican is at hand with a full account of the joint smashing crusade led by Mrs. Sheriff. A terrible feature of the work, says this paper, was the opportunity offered and eagerly seized for looting. Men and boys followed the women from saloon to saloon and helped themselves to many gallons of liquor and many thousands of cigars. The result was that the town became filled with drunken men and boys. Boys could be seen spewing about the streets from the unaccustomed use of tobacco and a number of them probably had never tasted liquor in their lives. We gather from the Republican's account that the occasion became a big town drunk, and it is a sad and curious commentary on this kind of temperance education.

Filipino Women Organize Peace League

Manila, Feb. 9.—Fifty American and 200 Filipino women organized the Women's Peace League, at the Libertad Theatre today. The league advocates American sovereignty. A Filipino woman presided. The executive committee will meet at the residence of Mrs. Taft, wife of Judge Taft, president of the United States Philippine commission, Tuesday, is to complete the organization.

Morrison, of Richmond county, said in the Senate Saturday, that a party that would filiate with negroes were no better than negroes. The negro counties went Democratic. We could say more, but think this sufficient.

A Brokerage Firm Capitalized at $50,000 Incorporated at Greensboro.

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 9th.—The Piedmont Cotton Company was incorporated here today. The capital stock is $50 000. The incorporators are T. W. Wade, L. J. Brandt and W. R. Patterson. The company will do a brokerage business.

Dr. Charles D. McIver, President State Normal, delivered a speech at the annual meeting of the Armstrong association in New York last Saturday.

TOWN OF HOLTON PURCED OF JOINTS.

One Thousand People Start a Crusade Against the Barrooms All the Joints Put Out of Business and Holton is a Dry Town.

Topeka, Feb. 10.—Holton, Kan., was purged of its joints Saturday. The purging process was accomplished by a band of at least 1,000 persons, who took the law into their own hands and attacked the joints of the city. Three joints were put out of business and Holton is a dry town for the first time in 15 years. The citizens of Holton held a meeting Friday night and decided that these places must be closed at once Saturday they met at the Methodist church and after some preliminary exercises they started out to do their work. There were about 300 people at the church. There were a number of officers in the crowd and they led the way to the first joint, which had been kept for years by a woman named Hicks.

The crowd broke down the doors and took out the liquor, emptying it into the streets. They then broke up all the fixtures in the true Nation style, not leaving a whole thing that could be used in the business. The proprietress tried to leave, but the crowd refused to let her. When the demolition of this place was completed, the crowd started to do the same with the other joints, nine in number. The proprietors of these places, by working hard, managed to turn out all their liquor by the time the crowd reached their places of business and nearly had the fixtures moved out. They pleaded earnestly to be allowed to keep the fixtures and promised on their oaths never again to sell a drop of liquor in Holton. One of the jointists named Anderson got down on his knees and supplicated the crowd not to destroy his fixtures, as it would ruin him financially, and he promised to have them out of town in an hour. The citizens decided to give the remaining jointists a few hours in which to leave the city.

There was not a semblance of lawlessness at any time during the progress of the smashing. Lawyers, newspaper men and business men helped to swell the crowd, which was composed of some of the best people of Holton.

After smashing had been completed the guardians of the law went to the Methodist church and had a thanksgiving service over the successful result of their work. Saturday night a meeting was held in Holton and a vigilance committee was organized to see that a joint should never again have a chance to do business there. The members of the committee say the first man appearing with a joint will be stripped and banished. They accomplished in two hours what the officers have not done in two years.

A BILL TO LEGALIZE SALOON SMASHING.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 11.—Representative Lawrence Saturday introduced a bill in the House to legalize joint-smashing, making it a sufficient defense in an action at law to show that the property destroyed was used in the operation of a joint. The bill was advanced to second reading. A motion to rush it to third reading was defeated by a vote of 37 to 26.

WOULD ACCEPT THE OFFER IF ALLOWED TO USE HER HATCHET.

Des Moines, Feb. 9.—During the afternoon Mrs. Nation received a telegram from a well-known brewing company, offering her $500 a month to go on the road and advertise its beer. She replied: "If it is your pleasure that I shall advertise your business with the hatchet, which is my usual way, I am at your service. I promise that every one shall hear of your famous beer"

Mrs. Nation lectured to a large audience to-night. She will also speak here tomorrow night. On Monday she starts for Chicago.

WOMEN TRY TO SMASH DRUG STORE.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Single-handed and with no better weapons than his fists Edward S. Safranek, clerk of the Cupit Drug Company, today, repulsed six women who were making a determined assault on the concern's store, at Lake street and Sacramento avenue. The glass in the front door was shattered and $50 worth of drugs in the show window destroyed before the smashers were beaten away. Safranek tried to hold one of the women prisoner, but she was rescued by her five companions.

CONGRESSMAN SHAW PASSES AWAY.

Found Dead Sunday Morning in His Room at the Higgs House.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Representative Albert D. Shaw, of Watertown, N. Y., formerly commander-id-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was found dead this morning in his room at the Rigg's House. A physician summoned immediately after the discovery of the body pronounced death due to apoplexy probably about 2 o'clock in the morning. Colonel Shaw had returned about 1:30 o'clock from a banquet at the Ebbitt House, in honor of his successor, General Leo RasSieur, and before he left the banquet hall had responded eloquently to a toast and appeared in excellent health and spirits. The body was discovered lying face downward on the floor, where he had fallen suddenly and heavily. After his return to the hotel, Colonel Shaw asked for hot water, complaining of indigestion. The water was brought to him and that was the last seen of him alive.

"Gin" Hulsey's Outfit Scooped.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Feb. 12.—Last Sunday the revenue officers discovered a distillery in full operation in the residence of "Gin" Hulsey, near Rome, Ga. They also found beneath the basement a cellar in which was quite a quantity of illicit whiskey. They also found that Hulsey had arranged a system of signals operated from an organ in the parlor by which his daughter warned him in case of danger. She was not at home when the officers made the raid, and her father was caught.

THE NAVAL BILL WAS LAID ASIDE.

Senator Butler Declared That by the Present Arrangement the Government was Making a Clear Donation of $5,000,000 to the Armor Trust.

Charlotte Observer.

Washington, Feb. 9.—During the entire session of to-day the Senate had under consideration the naval appropriation bill. Practically the bill was completed when it was laid aside for the day, all of the committee amendments being adopted, but as the measure was about to be placed on its passage, Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, precipitated a discussion of the armor plate question. In order to enable some others to speak upon the matter, the bill was laid aside until Monday. Eulogies upon the late Representative Harmer, of Pennsylvania, concluded the session.

While the naval bill was under consideration, Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, called attention to the paragraph in the bill appropriating $5,000,000 to pay for armor plate already contracted for. If the bill had provided the entire sum necessary to pay for armor contracted for, it would carry for that purpose, he said, $16,564,550. He said the Senate absolutely was precluded from considering the matter now because Congress had authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to pay for armor whatever the armor trust could hold him up to. In the course of his speech, in which he reviewed the old armor question, Mr. Butler declared that by the present arrangement the government was making a clear donation of $5,000,000 to the armor trust. At the conclusion of Mr. Butler's speech the naval bill was laid aside.

VERY LATEST NEWS.

The Greenville Reflector says there are several cases of smallpox in Greene county.

Henry J. Ellicott, the famous sculptor, died at his home in Washington Tuesday. He made the statue of Vance which stands at the east entrance of the State capitol.

BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents. Sold by all Druggist.

Wilson and Lee Nominated.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations to be brigadier-generals; James H. Wilson of Delaware, Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cts. a box Cure guaranteed. Sold by all Druggist

Sale of Islands Approved.

London, Feb. 13.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Copenhagen says that the fluance committee of the Folething has, with one dissenting vote, approved the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50c at all druggists.

Fatal Fire in Boston.

Boston, Feb. 10.—Two persons dead five others badly injured and a financial loss of $2,500 is the summary of damage caused by a fire that occurred in a four-story brick dwelling, on Harrison avenue, early this morning.

WANTED.—Two reliable Traveling Salesmen in each State; permanent position; salary and expenses; experience not absolutely essential. Address, Piedmont Tobacco Works, Greensboro, N. C. 6w

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FEB. 14TH 19TH, 1901.

For these occasions, tickets will be sold February 12th to 18th inclusive, from Washington, D. C., and all points on the Seaboard Air Line Railway, at rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets good returning until March 7th, 1901, inclusive. With its new passenger service inaugurated Jan. 27th, the Seaboard Air Line Railway is now operating the finest trains in the South, and a trip to the Mardi Gras on one of these magnificent trains via any of their many attractive routes will certainly prove the quickest and most enjoyable. See that your tickets read via Seaboard Air Line Railway.

CATARRH

Catarrh has become such a common disease that a person entirely free from this disgusting complaint is seldom met with. It is customary to speak of Catarrh as nothing more serious than a bad cold, a simple inflammation of the nose and throat. It is, in fact, a complicated and very dangerous disease; if not at first, it very soon becomes so.

The blood is quickly contaminated by the foul secretions, and the poison through the general circulation is carried to all parts of the system.

Salves, washes and sprays are unsatisfactory and disappointing, because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does. It cleanses the blood of the poison and eliminates from the system all catarrhal secretions, and thus cures thoroughly and permanently the worst cases.

Mr. T. A. Williams, a leading dry-goods merchant of Spartanburg, S. C., writes: "For years I had a severe case of nasal Catarrh, with all the disagreeable effects which belong to that disease, and which make life painful and unendurable. I used medicines prescribed by leading physicians and suggested by numbers of friends, but without getting any better. I then began to take S. S. S. It had the desired effect, and cured me after taking eighteen bottles. In my opinion S. S. S. is the only medicine now in use that will effect a permanent cure of Catarrh."

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the greatest of all blood medicines and tonics.

If you have Catarrh don't wait until it becomes deep-seated and chronic, but begin at once the use of S. S. S., and send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

INAUGURATION PRESIDENT MCKINLEY, MARCH 4TH.

On account of the above occasion the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell round trip tickets to Washington, D. C., from all points for one fare for the round trip. Rate from Raleigh $8.30. Tickets to be sold March 1st, 2nd and 3rd, good returning until March 9th.

Military Companies twenty five or more on one ticket one cent per mile plus arbitrary.

For further information call on or write,

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For further information, call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or representatives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway at 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third Street, Philadelphia; 207 East German Street, Baltimore, 1434 New York Ave., Washington; or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

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ENNIS PUBLISHING CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY. } S. S.

N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNIS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900. N. B. BROUGHTON.

SEAL. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this the 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. RUSS, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

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A thorough school of high-grade for girls. In Pine belt North Carolina so famous health.

Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "The best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free. Jas. Dinwiddie, A. M., Prin. Alfred C. Goodwin, Director.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Having qualified as Administrator of Henry G. Wiggs, deceased, late of Wake county, N. C, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 3rd day of December, A. D., 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 3rd day of December, 1900.

W. H. CHAMBLEE, Adm'r.

W. R. SMITH'S COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, KY.,

where many young men, after investing from $65 to $90 for tuition, board, etc., have been educated for positions as Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Telegraphers, and now receive from $900 to $1,500 salary per year. Kentucky University Diploma awarded its graduates. Has College received Medals at two World's Expositions and refers to thousands of successful graduates. Not least of this cheapest and most influential College. Send for catalogue. Cut this out for reference. Read advertisement of particulars, address only W. R. Smith Lexington, Ky

WANTED!

Reliable man for Manager of Branch Office we wish to open in this vicinity. If your record is O. K here is an opportunity. Kindly give good reference when writing.

THE A. T. MORRIS WHOLESALE HOUSE
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Illustrated catalogue 4 cts. stamps.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50 A YEAR

LADIES' MAGAZINE

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; interesting stories; fine fancy work; household hints; fashion, etc. Send for order to-day, or, send 5c. for sample copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10 15

THE McCALL CO.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH TEN DAY'S FREE WEARING TRIAL in your own home, we furnish the genuine and only HEIDELBERG ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. CURES ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 30 ailments. ONLY SURE CURE for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this ad out and mail to us.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

CHURCHILL AT THE EXPOSITION.

Says the Pan-American Will Not be as Large as the Paris Exposition. but more Beautiful.

Winston Spencer Churchill, war correspondent and Member of the British Parliament, recently visited the Pan-American Exposition, and was surprised and delighted by what he saw.

"I heard a great deal in England and South Africa about the Pan-American Exposition, and it was about the first thing brought to my attention when I landed in New York," said Mr. Churchill, "but all that was said did not begin to do justice to this great enterprise. The Pan-American does not cover as much ground as the Paris Exposition did, and the buildings are not as large, in some instances, but the arrangement is much better and will prove more satisfactory to visitors. The evolution of expositions undoubtedly demands greater convenience—the placing of buildings closer together, and in near proximity to the courts, thus lessening distances and diminishing walking and consequent weariness—and it is plain that the Pan-American has taken a giant stride in this direction. The adornment of buildings with colors and sculpture has progressed far enough to warrant the statement that the beauty of the scene will surpass any other ever presented at an exposition. I imagine it will be far beyond the power of writers to give a just and adequate description of the Exposition City when the waters are disporting, the flowers blooming, the trees adorned with green, and the hundreds of thousands of electric lamps diffusing light over all. It must surely be the most beautiful city ever reared.

"Your Midway is far ahead of anything I ever saw. Paris had a great number of catchpenny affairs of no consequence, while it is evident that the attractions to be here are of a high order.

"This Exposition is worthy to be a world affair, but it has a grand purpose is showing progress in the Western Hemisphere."

Roll Call and Voting in Congress by Means of Elictricity.

The Tradesman.

Representative Otey, of Virginia, has invented an electrical device that is expected to expedite roll calls and voting in Congress. It will be submitted to the House for its possible adoption. Mr. Otey's idea is to have a board placed directly at the rear of the Speaker's desk and in front of the main entrance, such electrical apparatus connected with member's desk by wiring as would enable him to touch a button and display his vote, aye or no, by means of incandescent lights placed opposite to his name on the board. This would enable the entire House to see exactly what the members were doing, the clerks could figure up the totals in a very short time, and there would be no delay in getting an expression of sentiment on any subject from the Congressmen. At the present time the yea and nay method of voting occupies about three-quarters of an hour, putting the members in a bad humor if they are in a hurry to get the business of the day finished.

Uncle Sam a Poor Broker.

Washington Post.

The government will never get rich by engaging in the ship brokerage business. At the beginning of the war with Spain it paid $1,292,000 for five vessels which were offered by private patriots. Since then it has been able to sell these same ships for the sum of $710,900. A simple arithmetical process shows Uncle Sam to be the loser to the extent of $582,000. It may be that the gentlemen who did the purchasing for the government were altogether too anxious and overestimated our danger.

Leyds Says Boers Will Never Yield.

London, Feb. 12.—The correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at the Hague, wiring the substance of an interview with Dr. Leyds, says: "Dr. Leyds reasserted that the Boers would never submit, and that their subjugation was utterly impossible. He declared that they would continue filling their magazines, as hitherto, with every fresh capture from the British."

Judge Shaw's Rule.

Franklin Press.

It is said that Judge Shaw's rule is to fine every person convicted of carrying a pistol $15 and costs, to be paid before court adjourns, or go to the chain-gang.

IF THE BABY IS CUTTING TEETH

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

Must Have Thought He Was Counting Democratic Votes.

Sampson Democrat.

A man named Watkins, from Wayne county, was recently a patron of Mr. Joe Nolly's restaurant. He enquired of the proprietor what he would charge him for as much coffee as he could drink. Joe politely replied "5 cents, sir." "All right," said Watkins and a pot was soon emptied. Another pot full was set up and Watkins finished it up, drinking in all forty-five cups of coffee at one sitting. This is vouched for by a number of spectators. The Nolly House will hereafter be conducted upon the European plan.

[The author of the above must have helped to count the Democratic votes of Sampson at the August election.—Ed.]

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontenence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist.

The Nation Cyclone.

The following lines were written for the Charlotte Observer on Mrs. Nation, the bar-room smasher:

Mrs. Nation,
Mrs. Nation,
Kansas cyclone's incar-
Nation,
Cause of grog-men's indig-
Nation,
Bringing riot, conster-
Nation,
Rich, red blood and rui-
Nation;
Kansas cry for vacci-
Nation
'Gainst your fearful machi-
Nation.
You're a curious combi-
Nation—
But state your determi-
Nation;
Barkeeps yell out "O dam-
Nation!"

VILLA ASHE.

Asheville, N. C, Feb. 1.

A Lawyer Demands Money and Land for Breach of Promise.

Kenosha, Wis., Special to Chicago Record.

Christian Jensen, an attorney in this city, to-day filed pleadings in a suit against Miss Carrie Jacobsen, a daughter of Fred Jacobsen, a well-known farmer at Russell, Ill., demanding damages for alleged breach of promise. In his pleadings Jensen alleges that Miss Jacobsen promised to marry him On the strength of the promise he deeded to her certain lands in Dakota to the value of several thousand dollars, and he asked that these lands be conveyed to him by the court and that an additional $500 be awarded to him as balm for his injured feelings.

Miss Jacobsen alleges that she and her father removed to Kenosha for the purpose of allowing the daughter to marry Jensen, but when it was discovered that Jensen was practically without an income the father refused to allow the wedding to occur. It is alleged that Jensen labors under various hallucinations and the defendant in the case claims that the story of the land in Dokota is one of these hullucinations.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

S. A. L. SPECIAL RATES.

Mardi Gras Celebration, New Orleans, La., February 14–19, 1901.

On account of the above occasion the S A L Ry. will sell round trip tickets from all points to New Orleans, La., for one fare for the round trip. Rate from Raleigh, N. C., will be $25,00. Tickets to be sold February 12th to 18th inclusive and for trains arriving at New Orleans not later thon 12 o'clock noon of February 19th, with final limit March 7th.

Mardi Gras Celebration, Pensacola, Florida, Feb. 14-19, 1901.

On account of the above occasion the S A L Ry. will sell round trip tickets from all points to Pensacola, Fla., for one fare for the round trip, rate from Raleigh will be $22-95. Tickets to be sold February 12 to 18, inclusive and for trains arriving at Pensacola, Fla., not later than 12 o'clock noon of Feb. 19th, with final limit March 7th.

WINTER TOURIST RATES.

Winter tourist tickets on sale to Old Point, Va., rate from Raleigh $7 60 to Southern Pines, N. C. $3 50 and to all principal points in the State of Florida.

For further particulars regarding trains and general information, address

H. S. LEARD, T P A., Hamlet, N C.
C. H. GATTIS, C P & T A, Raleigh, N. C.
R E L BUNCH, Gen. Pass. Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

S. A. L. CHANGES.

Commencing Saturday morning, January 26, the Seaboard Air Line Express, No. 41, leaving Portsmouth, and the Seaboard Air Line Express, No 38, leaving Atlanta night of January 26, the present Pullman car being operated between Portsmouth and Atlanta will be discontinued between Portsmouth and Hamlet and operated in future between Hamlet and Atlanta Train No. 27, the "Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail," will leave New York at 12 a. m, passing Raleigh at 5,09 p m, making connection at Hamlet with the S. A. L. Express, No. 41, which will pass Raleigh at 4,27 p. m, instead of 3,51 as heretofore, connecting at Atlanta for points south and southwest, giving double daily service to Atlanta and all points reached through Atlanta.

The northbound connections will be the same as heretofore for Trains Nos. 38 and 66, and will make their usual connections for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; also at Portsmouth-Norfolk with all steamship lines.

Please find below schedule of the above trains:

BETWEEN NEW YORK, RALEIGH AND JACKSONVILLE.

	No. 27.
Lv New York,	12,15 a m
Lv Washington,	8,35 a m
Lv Richmond,	12,26 noon
Lv Henderson,	3,49 p m
Lv Raleigh,	5,09 p m
Ar Hamlet,	7,50 p m
Lv Hamlet,	8,10 p m
Ar Columbia,	11,20 p m
Ar Jacksonville,	7,38 a m

BETWEEN NEW YORK, RALEIGH AND ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS and SOUTHWEST.

	No. 41.
Lv New York,	12,15 a m
Lv Washington,	8,35 a m
Lv Richmond,	12,26 noon
Lv Raleigh,	4,21 p m
Lv Hamlet,	8,10 p m
Ar Atlanta,	5,05 a m
Ar New Orleans,	8,30 p m
Ar Chattanooga,	1,00 p m
Ar Nashville,	6.55 p m
Ar Memphis,	8,05 p m

No 27 will operate Pullman Drawing Buffet Sleeping Car between New York and Jacksonville. No. 41 will operate Pullman Drawing-Room Buffet Sleeping Car between New York and Hamlet and Hamlet and Atlanta.

For further information call on or address

C. H. GATTIS, C. P. & T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A., Hamlet, N. C.
R. E. L. BUNCH, G. P. A., Portsmouth, Va.

FLORIDA AND ATLANTA FAST MAIL

BY THE

Seaboard Air Line Railway,

"Florida and West India Short Line"

TO THE

WINTER RESORTS OF THE SOUTH.

THE ONLY LINE OPERATING DAILY LIMITED TRAINS TO FLORIDA.

The "Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail," another of the Seaboard Air Line Railway's splendidly equipped trains, leaves New York daily at 12:10 a. m., 23rd Street Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, with Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Car and Day Coaches to Raleigh, Southern Pines, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, where connections are made for St. Augustine, Tampa and all Florida points. Connections are also made at Hamlet, N. C., with Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Car to Atlanta, Ga., with connections at Atlanta, for New Orleans and Mexico, and Texas and Pacific Coast Points. This train connects at Washington with train leaving Boston 7:00 p. m. Leaves Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., Baltimore 6:22 a. m., Washington 8:25, Richmond 12:23 p. m., arriving at Southern Pines 6:57 p. m., Columbia 11:20 p. m., Savannah 2:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 11:10 a. m., Tampa 5:30 p. m. Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeper New York to Jacksonville. Through Vestibuled Passenger coaches and perfect service.

For information call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or Seaboard Air Line Railway representatives at 306 Washington St., Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third Street, Philadelphia; 207 East German Street, Baltimore; 1434 New York Ave., Washington, or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Liberality of a Colored Man.

Charleston News and Courier.

A Memphis, Tenn, dispatch says: "The finance committee of the Confederate Veterans' Reunion has received a check for $1,000 from Robert R. Church, the wealthiest colored citizen of Memphis, who was born a slave and served as such in his youth. This is the second largest individual contribution yet received by the committee."

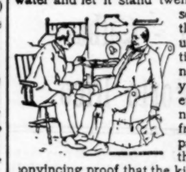
Valuable Almanac Free.

We have received a copy of the new almanac for 1901 published by the Royal Baking Powder Company. It is an artistic and useful book and will be of interest to housekeepers. A noteworthy feature of the almanac is a prediction of the weather for every day in the year, by Prof. DeVoe, who correctly prophesied the great Galveston cyclone and other important meteorological events. We are authorized to say that any woman reader of this paper can secure a copy without cost by sending a request to the Company, at 100 William St., New York.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

THE

Cash Buyers' Supply Company

Will furnish you (if cash accompanies the order) anything needed at home, on the farm or in your place of business, and SAVE YOU MONEY. We keep no goods, no store, hire no clerks or collectors; but, instead, purchase direct from manufacturers, wholesale dealers, jobbers, &c., AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, and for cash.

If you need any AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT or MACHINERY, FARM SEEDS HARDWARE, IRON ROOFING, WIRE FENCING, GROCERIES, FRUIT TREES, FRUITS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SEWING MACHINES BOOKS, STATIONERY, FURNITURE, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, CLOTHING, TOMBSTONES, BLOODED STOCK or POULTRY, OR ANYTHING ELSE, write for prices.

☞ Below are prices on a few leading articles, DELIVERED at any depot in North Carolina: Two horse wagons, neat and durable, $36; one horse wagon $25; dump carts $24; cart wheels and axle $14; high arm, 5-drawer, drop-head sewing machine, with latest attachments, $16; nice cottage organ $35; chapel organ $40; beautiful 7⅓ octave pianos, splendid tone and well made, $145 and up, according to style of case and finish.

If we cannot save you money we do not want your orders.

W. S. BARNES, Manager.

Raleigh, N. C.

PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM

Adopted Unanimously in Convention April 18th, 1900.

The People's Party Convention assembled in Raleigh, April 18th, reaffirms the principles set forth in the People's Party National platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896, and instructs the delegates to the National Convention at Sioux Falls May 9th to vote for the nomination of William J. Bryan for President.

We commend the present State Administration for its high personal and official integrity, and challenge a comparison of its record with any and all of its predecessors.

We condemn the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for its extravagant expenditures of public money, amounting to $1,594,765.76 in 1899, as opposed to $1,283,971.11, expended by the preceding Legislature, an excess of $310,794.65, not including the sum of $100,000 for public education nor the $63,350 for purchase of State farms.

We further condemn said Legislature for the careless blundering and careless legislation, including more gross blunders and unconstitutional laws than ever before enacted by any General Assembly in North Carolina.

We further denounce the machine leaders of the Democratic party for laying the whip on the backs of the Democratic Legislature and forcing them into enacting and submitting a disfranchising constitutional amendment in violation of the solemn pledges of the party, made not only officially in their campaign handbook, but by members of the General Assembly and other Democratic candidates for office in their canvass before the people. We denounce them not only for doing this in violation of their pledges, but also for submitting a measure most odious in form and dangerous in effect. That General Assembly being composed of, some of the best lawyers of the party, must have known, or at least had a reasonable doubt, not only as to the unconstitutionality of the monstrous provision of Section 5, known as the "grandfather clause" in said amendment, but also of the great danger of that unconstitutional sectional section falling, leaving the remainder of the amendment to stand, thus disfranchising by an educational qualification fifty or sixty thousand white voters of North Carolina, who in 1898 gave the Democratic party power in the Legislature, and whose ignorance is no fault of their own but is chargeable to the neglect of the Democratic party, which now seeks to disfranchise them and make their ignorance a crime alongside that of the felon.

But even if the proposed amendment were not unconstitutional (as it clearly is), still it is especially objectionable in the following particulars:

(a) In that it dignifies with the right of suffrage the most vicious, troublesome and obnoxious class of the negro population, and completely disfranchises the most faithful, kindly and orderly element of that race.

(b) In that, while clamoring for white supremacy and declaring that no white man shall be disfranchised under this amendment, they have so written their amendment that every white boy becoming of age after 1908 stands on the same footing with the negro, and can not vote unless he is able to read and write.

(c) In that by the latter provision, they have made it possible for the educated negro after 1908 to cast his ballot while the unfortunate son of the white men who have been the strength of true democracy stands without a vote at the ballot box. They slaughter the suffrage of the son whose father they dare not openly attack.

(d) In that this suffrage amendment does not remove the negro from politics or settle the negro question in North Carolina.

(e) In that every voter who has not paid his poll tax as much as five months before the State election and eight months before the national election, shall be disfranchised as much as if he were convicted of felony or were an ignorant negro. The purpose of this provision is not only to disfranchise every good honest citizen who unfortunately cannot pay his taxes by the first of March preceding the election, but further to try to bribe the voter to surrender his suffrage at the expense of the public school fund of the State, which is derived from poll taxes. There lurks behind this proposition a still greater danger to the public schools of the State, for with the adoption of the amendment the opponents of free schools in North Carolina will at once raise the cry that every dollar raised for public instruction means the increase of the number of negro voters, and thus the poor white man's son will be chained in bondage of ignorance and disfranchised to prevent the education of the negro voter. There is no white supremacy in this.

The constitutional question presented by the proposed amendment is one that must be determined by the judgment and conscience of each individual voter. Therefore, we do not make it a party question. We state the evils and dangers and leave the voters of all parties to pass their verdict in the light of these facts. The question is above party, and no one should be more active and anxious in our judgment to defeat it than the rank and file of the Democratic party.

The People's Party is and has always been more distinctly than any other party in North Carolina a white man's party, and is more anxious than any other party to solve the race problem, and to force all parties to a discussion of the great economic issues so vitally affecting the welfare of all wealth producers of the State and nation and decency in politics.

Therefore, we propose in lieu of this dangerous amendment, the best solution of the race question that is possible as long as the 15th amendment to the Constitution of the United States stands—a solution which deprives no white man in North Carolina now or hereafter of his right of suffrage, to-wit:

Amend Section 6, Art. 6, of the Constitution of North Carolina by inserting among the disqualifications for office, enumerated therein, the following, viz: All negroes and all persons of negro descent to the third generation inclusive.

If the Democratic Legislature which meets in June will offer this safe, constitutional and wholesome amendment in lieu of the present scheme it will have our hearty support. If they will not, we appeal to the people to rally to our assistance to elect a Legislature pledged to support such an amendment.

We congratulate the people of North Carolina upon the decision of the State Supreme Court in the case of Harris vs. Wright (121 N. C. R., 172), declaring that the General Assembly has power to provide different systems of county government for various counties of the State. Acting under this decision, we pledge the People's Party to the maintenance of the system of local self-government in all the white counties, towns and cities in the State as established by the General Assembly of 1895, and at the same time to provide and maintain a legislative system of coonty government for all the negro counties of the State, so that there can never be any question that the white people shall always have full and complete control of county in the State.

We denounce the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for passing an election law, every provision of which is carefully and cunningly planned and devised to thwart the sovereign will of the people of North Carolina by wholesale fraud and debauchery of the ballot box. We declare, without fear of successful contradiction, that it is the most partisan, unfair, infamous and indefensible election law that has ever disgraced the statute books of any State in the Union.

We pledge ourselves to increase the efficiency of the public school system in North Carolina, and point to the fact that the People's Party has done more for public education in North Carolina than the Democratic party ever did in twice the length of time. To the Populists of North Carolina is to be credited the first great increase in the public school system.

We pledge ourselves to the care of the unfortunate class in North Carolina and to an increase in the necessary facilities for the same. As an earnest of our sincerity, we point to our past record in this particular, and say that no "Legislature in which Populists have had a controlling voice has ever turned a deaf ear to the demand of the unfortunate, or been followed by an urgent appeal for additional provision as has been recently issued by the Board of Public Charities because of the failure of the Democratic Legislature to make such provision as seen and urgently needed at the time they were consuming their time in enacting political legislation and creating new offices during the session of 1899.

Labor is indispensable to the creation and profitable use of capital. Capital increases the efficiency and value of labor. Whoever arrays one against the other, is an enemy of both. That policy is wisest and best, which harmonizes the two on the basis of absolute justice.

Men can be cured privately and positively at home of all weakness and disease Write for new free book to Dr. J. N. Hathaway, 22½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. tf

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AFRICAN NERVINE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF N. C. R. R. CO.

Burlington, N. C., January 15th, 1901.

The first payment of the 39th annual dividend, due the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, 3½ per cent. on the capital stock of said Company, will be due and payable at the office of said Company in Burlington, N. C, February 10th, 1901.

The above payment will be made to all stockholders of record at 12 o'clock m., January 20th, 1901.

SPENCER B. ADAMS, Secretary and Treasurer.

LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE.

A very prosperous school with modern buildings, splendidly located in a remarkably healthful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road between Raleigh and Weldon N. C.

Panaces water kept in building at all times for free use of inmates.

Fifteen officers and teachers. Terms very low. For catalogue address Rev. J. M. RHODES, A. M., PRESIDENT Littleton, N. C

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Edwards' Dec. 1, 1900, by C. M. Babbitt, Deputy Collector, one Colt's repeating rifle and one breech loading double-barrel shot gun, as property of unknown.

At Hamlet, Dec 19, 1900, by W. A McDonald, Deputy Collector, one keg corn whiskey, 10 gallons, as property of unknown.

At Kelford, N. C., Dec. 25, 1900, by M. L Wood, Deputy Collector, 3 packages corn whiskey, 71.5 gallons, one copper still, 120 gallons, 3 copper caps, 2 copper pipes, 1 copper worm, fermenters, &c., as property of R H. Norfleet.

At Whiteville, N. C., Dec. 24, 1900, by W. J. Sutton, Deputy Collector, 1 barrel case goods containing 100 ½ pint flasks, 50 pint flasks and 1 box containing 2 gallons in pint and ½ pint flasks, about 14 gallons rye whiskey, as property of Watkins Chinck.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector 4th District of N. C.
By J. P. H. ADAMS, Deputy Collector, Raleigh, N. C
January 8th, 1901.

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Allison, N. C., of A. A. Muse, January 8th, 1901, 2 packaages corn whiskey, 25 gallons, by Deputy Collector W. A. McDonald.

At Summerville, N. C., of A. A Sloan, January 12, 1901, by J. P. H. Adams, Deputy Collector, one copper still, 75 gallons, cap and 2 worms, &c., 190 gallons corn whiskey, fermenters, &c.

At La Grange, N. C, of J. K. Aldridge, January 9 and 11, 1901, by J. D. Grimsley, Deputy Collector, 3 packages corn whiskey, 80.9 gallons.

At Wilson, N. C., of W. P. Lester by M. L. Wood, Deputy Collector, 1 package corn whiskey, 15 gallons, January 11, 1901

At Wilson, N. C., of Wiley Corbett, by M. L. Wood, Deputy Collector, January 11, 1901, 1 package corn whiskey, 40 gallons, wooden still fixtures, &c., and $436 92 in money, in lieu of property seized.

At Hemp, N. C., of A. A. Muse, by W A McDonald, Deputy Collector, 2 packages corn whiskey, 81 6 gallons, one copper still, cap and worm, fermenters, &c., January 17, 1901

At Snow Hill, N. C., of J. J Potter, by J. D. Grimsley, Deputy Collector, January 18 and 19, 1901, 10 packages spirits and 70 bottles, containing 396¾ gallons, one copper still, 110 gallons cap and worm, fermenters, &c., 6 packages corn whiskey, 236.8 gallons.

At Littleton, N. C., January 21, 1901, by R. J Lewis, Deputy Collector, 2 jugs, 7 gallons corn whiskey, of Al-x N. Wray.

At Franklinton, N. C, January 19, 1901, by J. W. Perkins, Deputy Collector, 3 packages corn whiskey, 8 gallons, of J. H. Harris.

At Selma, N. C., January 23, 1901, by J. W. Perkins, Deputy Collector, 63 quarts, 56 pints and 54 ½ pint bottles of Selma Dispensary.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector 4th District of N. C.
By J. P. H. ADAMS, Deputy Collector, Raleigh, N. C.
January 24, 1901.

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE SAL

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, TAMPA, ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, AND POINTS SOUTH AND WEST.

IN EFFECT JANUARY 27, 1901.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 27
Lv New York, Penn R R	12 55 pm	12 10 am
Lv Philadel P R R	3 29 pm	3 50 am
Lv Baltimore, "	5 15 pm	6 2 am
Lv Washington P. R. R.	6 25 pm	8 35 am
Lv Richmond, S A L Ry	10 40 pm	12 23 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 00 am	3 23 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 56 am	5 09 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 5 am	7 50 pm
Lv "	7 0 am	8 10 pm
Lv Columbia*	9 05 am	11 05 am
Ar Savannah*	1 2 25 pm	2 50 am
Ar Jacksonvill	3 50 pm	7 30 am
Ar Tampa	6 30 am	5 30 pm
	No 40.	No. 41.
Lv New York NYP & N a	7 55 am	8 55 pm
Lv Philadelphia	10 [illegible] am	11 26 pm
Lv N Y, O D & S Co	3 00 p "	
Lv Baltimore B S P Co		6 40 pm
Lv Wash'n N & W S B		6 00pm
Lv Portsmouth S A L Ry	9 5 pm	10 15 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 05 am	2 10 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 5 am	4 47 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 50 am	7 40 pm
Lv "	7 05 am	8 05 pm
Ar Wilmington	12 05 pm	
Ar Charlotte	9 15 am	10 15 am
Ar Atlanta	4 55 pm	5 50 am
Ar Augusta C & W C	6 10 pm	
Ar Macon C of Ga	7 20 pm	11 10 am
Ar Montgy A & W P	9 20 pm	1 00 am
Ar Mobile L & N	3 05 am	4 12 pm
Ar New Orleans L & N	7 40 am	8 30 pm
Ar Nashvil N C & St L	6 40 am	6 50 pm
Ar Memphis	4 00pm	8 10 am

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily No 403	Daily No 38
Lv Atlanta S A L Ry	1 00 pm	9 01 pm
Lv Charlotte	6 35pm	9 00 am
Lv Wilmington,	3 40pm	
Lv Hamlet	9 20pm	8 05 am
Ar Raleigh	11 18am	11 30 am
Lv Rid'way	2 25 am	2 00pm
Ar Portsmouth,	7 00am	6 00pm
Ar Wash'ton N & W S B		7 00am
Ar Baltimore B & P Co		7 40am
Ar New York O C & S Co		1 30pm
Ar Philadelphia N YP&N	5 46 pm	
Ar New York	8 3pm	
	44	66
Lv Tampa	9 00 pm	8 0 am
Lv Jacksonville	10 20 am	7 45 pm
Lv Savannah	1 58 am	11 59 am
Lv Columbia	6 07 pm	5 45 am
Lv Hamlet	9 20 pm	9 20 am
Lv Raleigh	12 18am	12 07pm
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 06am	2 18pm
Lv Richmond	5 10am	5 00pm
Ar Washington, P. R. R.	8 45am	9 30pm
Ar Baltimore P R R	10 03am	11 30pm
Ar Philadelphia P R R	12 57pm	2 20am
Ar New York P R R	3 03pm	6 13am

Note.—Daily except Sunday. *Central Time †Eastern Time.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE. TRAINS GOING SOUTH

STATIONS	No. 35 Daily	No. 37 Daily	No. 107 Daily except Sunday	No. 41 Daily.	No. 43 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	8 55			
Ar Rocky Mount,	1 00	10 55			
Lv Tarboro	12 21	..	6 00		
Lv Rocky	1 02	10 02	6 17	5 15	12 59
Lv Wilson,	1 39	10 40	7 1[illegible]	5 57	2 40
Lv Selma,	2 58	11 18			
Lv Fayetteville	4 35	12 35			
Ar Florence	7 35	2 40			
	P. M.	A M.			
Goldsboro			7 55	6 42	3 30
Magnolia				7 5	4 35
Wilmington				9 2	6 00
				P M.	A M. P M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH

STATIONS	No 72 Daily	No. 12[illegible] except Sunday	No. 32 Daily	No. 40 Daily.	No. 42 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50		5 55		
Lv Fayetteville	12 12		9 41		
Lv Selma	1 00		11 35		
Ar Wilson	2 35		12 15		
		A M.		P. M.	A. M
Lv Wilmington			7 00	9 35	
Lv Magnolia			8 30	11 10	
Lv Goldsboro		4 20	9 27	12 20	
	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	2 35	5 38	2 1[illegible]	10 45	1 18
Ar Rocky Mount	3 30	6 10	12 45	11	1 58
Lv Tarboro	3 2[illegible]				
Lv Rocky Mount	3 55		12 45		
Ar Weldon	4 32		1 35		
	P. M.		P. M.		

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1 45 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 3 0 5 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 4 20 p. m., leave Fayetteville 4 30 p. m., arrive Wilmington 9 23 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8 05 a. m, Maxton 9 05 a. m., Red Springs 9 05 a. m., Hope Mills 10 5[illegible] a. m, arrive Fayetteville 11 10. Returning leave Fayetteville 4 45 p. m., Hope Mills 5 0[illegible] p. m., Red Springs 5 45 p. m., Maxton 6 10 p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3 55 p. m., Halifax 4 17 p. m. arrives Scotland Neck at 5 08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m. Weldon 11:33 a. m. daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:20 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m and 7:50 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 10 p.m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:10 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leave Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 5:00 a. m., arriving Smithfield 6:10 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 8:30 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 a. m., 3 40 p. m., arrive Nashville 10 20 a. m., 4 03 p. m., Spring Hope 11 00 a. m., 4 25 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 11[illegible] a. m., 4 50 p.m., Nashville 11 45 a. m., 5 25 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12 00 a. m., 6 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:40 a. m. and 4:25 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 2:45 a. m. and 2:50 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EM